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Using Interactive Methods of Teaching English in the Republic of Uzbekistan

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ABSTRACT: The article discusses new interactive methods of teaching foreign languages.

KEYWORDS: interactive, foreign languages, methods, pedagogical skills, quality of education.

Teaching process is mainly based on two activities. They are imparting knowledge and acquiring knowledge. In the first case teacher sends information and the learners receive it. The innovative methods also deal with this process and their aim is to evaluate the activities of a teacher and learners using new ways and methods of teaching including new technical means of teaching.

As we know that methodological approach in teaching foreign languages may be divided into three groups. They are Passive methods, Active methods and also interactive methods.

If we speak here in the first place about the passive methods, it should be noted that in Passive methods a teacher is in the centre of teaching. He plays active role but the learners are passive. Control can be carried out by the way of questions, individual and control work, tests etc. It may be useful when it is used by an experienced teacher.

Secondly, in Active methods learners are also active. Their role and activity is equal in the process of interaction. Learners may ask questions; express their ideas with a teacher.

The last but it is in the first nowadays interactive method or approach is a modernized form of active methods. The most of teachers usually understand or mean cooperative action during the lesson. But here attention should be focused on inner action too. The learners should have inner motivation which involves them into active work or active participation at the lesson. In interactive method teacher's role is to direct learners activity to getting the aim of the lesson which include interactive exercises and tasks.

Below some types of interactive methods are given:

Brainstorming. It is technique for generating new ideas on a topic. These methods stimulate creative activity of the learners in solving problems and express their ideas freckly. Various variants of solving the problem are usually given here. In brainstorming quantity of utterances is important but not the quality. Teacher should listen to all utterances and not criticize them. Instead of this he inspire the learners to give as many variants of solving the problem as he (or she) can. Lacks of criticism create favorable conditions for the learners to express the ideas freely and these of course motivate them. At the end of brainstorming activity all the expressed utterances are written and then analyzed.

The Internet is a part of our ordinary life. Everybody knows that the Internet is a global computer network, which embraces hundreds of millions of users all over the world and helps us to communicate with each other in our ordinary life. The history of Internet began in the United States in 1969. It was a military experiment, designed to help to survive during a nuclear war.

The role of information technologies and the method of using Internet resources in teaching a foreign language. Interest in the Internet in recent years has been caused by the enormous information capabilities with which the user can transmit and receive various information. Ordinary users today need not only new practical skills and theoretical knowledge, but also the ability to constantly apply and improve them during the period of technological progress. Continuing education-life-long education-is a way of human existence in the information society. The Internet is designed to help him in this process, the Internet is used in all fields of human activity, including in education. This educational guide aims to consider the Internet as a prospect for improving the educational system, namely, as a trend of transition from traditional to innovative learning through the use of Internet technologies in the educational process. New technical means imply new forms of teaching in the learning process. Modern pedagogical technologies, such as teaching using project methods and Internet resources, help to implement a person-oriented approach to learning, provide individualization and differentiation of learning, taking into account the abilities of students, their level of learning, and aptitudes. Access to the world's information resources is being opened, and the content of the teacher's activities is changing.



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Speaking of a technical specialist, it should be borne in mind that practical knowledge of a foreign language should be one of its most important characteristics. As a result of the ongoing social and economic reforms in our society, the level of demand for specialists who are proficient in information technologies and foreign languages has increased dramatically. Kazakhstan is a reliable partner in the international system of relations. In this system, relations between Kazakh universities and universities of foreign countries are of particular importance. Participation in international practical conferences, preparation for passing the exam for obtaining a Cambridge certificate (for example, KET-Key English test, FCE-First Certificate in English, PET-Preliminary English Test, WEIGHT-Business English Certificate), as well as internships abroad within the framework of educational events and the opportunity to continue self-realization give students of technical specialties huge career prospects both in Kazakhstan and abroad

Improve the ability to listen on the basis of authentic sound texts on the Internet; Replenish the vocabulary, both active and passive vocabulary of the modern language; To form a stable motivation for foreign-language activity. Inclusion of the network materials in the content of the lesson allows students to better understand life on our planet, participate in joint research, scientific and creative projects, develop curiosity and skill. The method of projects is gaining more and more supporters lately. It is aimed at developing the active independent thinking of the child and teaching him not only to memorize and reproduce the knowledge that the school gives him, but also to be able to apply them in practice. The project methodology is characterized by the cooperative nature of the tasks performed when working on the project, the activities that are carried out are, in essence, creative and learner-centered. It assumes a high level of individual and collective responsibility for the fulfillment of each task for the development of the project. The joint work of a group of students on the project is inseparable from the active communicative interaction of students. Project methodology is one of the forms of organization of research cognitive activity, in which students take an active subjective position. The topic of the project may be related to one subject area or be of an interdisciplinary nature. When choosing the topic of the project, the teacher should be guided by the interests and needs of the students, their possibilities and personal significance of the forthcoming work, the practical significance of the result of the work on the project. The completed project can be presented in a variety of forms: an article, recommendations, an album, a collage and many others. Various forms of the presentation of the project are diverse: a report, a conference, a contest, a holiday, a play. The main result of the work on the project will be the actualization of existing and acquisition of new knowledge, skills and abilities and their creative application in new conditions. Work on the project is carried out in several stages and usually goes beyond the scope of the training activities in the classroom: the choice of the topic or problem of the project; formation of a group of performers; working out of the plan of work on the project, definition of terms; distribution of tasks among students; execution of tasks, discussion in the group of the results of each task; registration of the joint result; project report; evaluation of project implementation. Work on the project methodology requires students to a high degree of independence of search activity, coordination of their actions, active research, implementation and communication. The role of the teacher is to prepare students for work on the project, to select the topic, to help students in planning work, in monitoring and counseling students during the project as an accomplice. So, the main idea of the project method is to shift the emphasis from various types of exercises to the active mental activity of students in the course of joint creative work. Use the video tutorial. To master communicative competence in English, not being in the country of the language being studied, the matter is very difficult. Therefore, an important task of the teacher is to create real and imaginary situations of communication in a foreign language lesson using different methods of work. Equally important is the introduction of schoolchildren to the cultural values of the native speaker of the language. Authentic materials, including video films, are of great importance for this purpose. Their use contributes to the realization of the most important requirement of the communicative methodology - to present the process of mastering the language as a comprehension of a living culture that is foreign to another culture; individualization of teaching and development and motivation of students' speech activity. Another advantage of the video is its emotional impact on students. Therefore, attention should be directed to the formation of the schoolchildren's personal relationship to what they saw. The use of the video helps also the development of various aspects of the mental activity of students, especially attention and memory. During the viewing in the classroom there is an atmosphere of joint cognitive activity. In these conditions, even the inattentive student becomes attentive. In order to understand the content of the film, students need to make some efforts. Thus, involuntary attention becomes arbitrary, its intensity influences the memorization process. The use of various information input channels (auditory, visual, motor perception) positively influences the strength of the recording of regional and linguistic material. Thus, the psychological characteristics of the impact of educational videos on students contribute to the intensification of the learning process and creates favorable conditions for the formation of communicative competence of students. Use of the lesson-excursion. In our time, when the ties between different countries and peoples are developing more and more widely, acquaintance with Russian national culture becomes an indispensable element of the learning process of a foreign language. The student should be able to conduct a tour of the city, tell foreign guests about the identity of Russian culture, etc. The principle



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of dialogue of cultures involves the use of cultural material about his native country, which allows to develop a culture of representation of his native country, as well as to form ideas about the culture of the countries of the studied language. Teachers, conscious of the stimulating power of regional and cultural motivation, strive to develop cognitive needs for students through non-traditional conduct of the lesson. Application of the lesson-performance. A productive and productive form of education is a lesson-performance. The use of works of foreign literature in foreign language lessons improves the pronunciation skills of students, ensures the creation of communicative, cognitive and aesthetic motivation. Preparation of the play is creative work that contributes to the development of the language skills of children and the disclosure of their individual creative abilities. This type of work activates the students' thinking and speech activity, develops their interest in literature, serves to better assimilate the culture of the country of the studied language, and also deepens the knowledge of the language, as this process of memorizing vocabulary takes place. Along with the formation of an active vocabulary of schoolchildren, a so-called passive-potential dictionary is formed. And it is important that students get satisfaction from this kind of work. Use of the lesson-holiday and lesson-interview. A very interesting and fruitful form of conducting lessons is a lesson-holiday. This form of the lesson expands the knowledge of students about the traditions and customs existing in English-speaking countries, and develops the ability of students to communicate in other languages, allowing them to participate in various situations of intercultural communication. Depending on the objectives, the topic of the lesson may include separate subtopics. For example, "Free time", "Plans for the future", "Biography", etc. Students independently work on the assignment on the countryspecific literature recommended by the teacher, prepare questions for which they want answers. Preparing and conducting a lesson of this type stimulates students to further study a foreign language, contributes to the deepening of knowledge as a result of working with various sources, and also broadens the horizon. It can be concluded that the effectiveness of the educational process depends to a large extent on the teacher's ability to organize a lesson correctly and choose the right form of the training. Unconventional forms of conducting lessons provide an opportunity not only to raise students' interest in the subject, but also to develop their creative independence, to train them to work with various sources of knowledge. Such forms of conducting classes "take off" the tradition of the lesson, enliven the idea. However, it should be noted that too often resorting to such forms of organization of the educational process is inexpedient, since the non-traditional can quickly become traditional, which, in the final analysis, will lead to a drop in the interest of students in the subject. The potential of non-traditional forms of the lesson can be characterized by defining the following learning objectives: Formation of students' interest and respect for the culture of the country of the studied language; Education of the culture of communication and the need for practical use of the language in various fields of activity; Development of linguistic, intellectual and cognitive abilities, development of value orientations, feelings and emotions of the student. As we have already said, the goal of teaching a foreign language at school is to create intercultural competence of students, which is realized in the ability to communicate with each other. The key to successful speech activity of students is nontraditional forms of English language lessons, during which students become familiar with the culture of the countries of the studied language, and also expand knowledge about the cultural heritage of their native country, which allows students to take an active part in the dialogue of cultures.

II. DISCUSSION

This type of interactive method requires to study teaching material on the theme before starting discussion. After having learnt the lexico-grammatical material on the theme the learners may start discussion. This method helps the learners consistently and logically express their ideas by presenting grounds for their utterances. Here the learners work in small groups and this improves their activity because every member of the group may express his/her ideas and takes part in the discussion.

The forms of organizing group work are the following:

a) a theme is selected (chosen);

b) learners must have learnt the chosen problem;

c) groups are formed;

d) teacher gives instruction and announces the time;

e) controls the activity of learners and if it is needed, helps and stimulated them.

f) at the end of the discussion one representative of each group makes presentation.

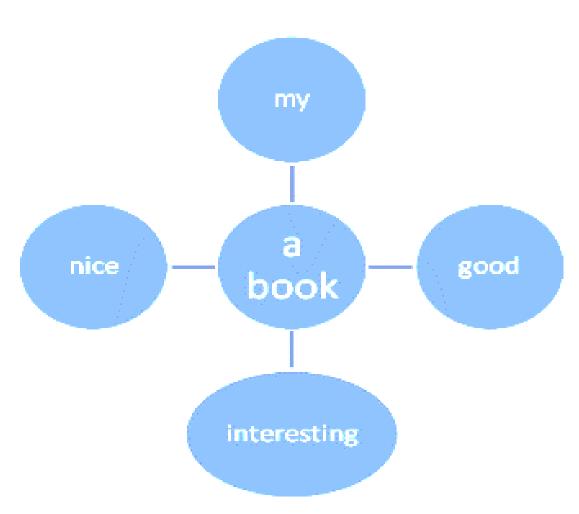
Cluster. The next innovative method is cluster. It is one of widely used methods in teaching a foreign languages now. It can be used in all stages of teaching English to both young and aged learners. In presenting new words a teacher writes a new word on the blackboard. And then learners tell the words that can be used together with the given word.

For ex.:



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Then teacher gives a task to make up word combinations with the word "book": my book, a good book, an interesting book, a nice book, etc. This method involves all the learners into active work and forms of motivation. It can be effectively used in improving monologic speech habits and skills.

Role playing. Role playing is also one of the activities used in teaching innovative methods. They are made to improve the efficiency of teaching. Role playing involves the learners into active work by positively influencing on their inner activity. This creates favorable conditions for cooperative work. Such atmosphere creates their motivation, personal potentials of inner activity and helps to form practical skills and habits. During the role playing such skills as creativity, getting out of the difficult situations, resourcefulness, self-managing are formed and improved. Role playing has not only educational aim, but also has social aims because some life situations are modeled here for teaching. When a teacher uses role playing method in teaching the foreign language he/she should follow the below given instructions:

- Creating cordial atmosphere among the learners who take part in the play;
- Learners should feel free themselves and this will help them to play their role perfectly;
- Creating favorable conditions in the teaching process and using pros;
- Taking into consideration the personal features of the learners.

Multimedia learning. This is the next innovative method. It is the combination of various media types as text, audio and video materials by the help of which teacher presents information to the learners. By using information technology as an innovative teaching and learning strategy in a problem based learning teacher tries to motivate learners to active knowledge through real life problems.

Advantages of using multimedia learning:

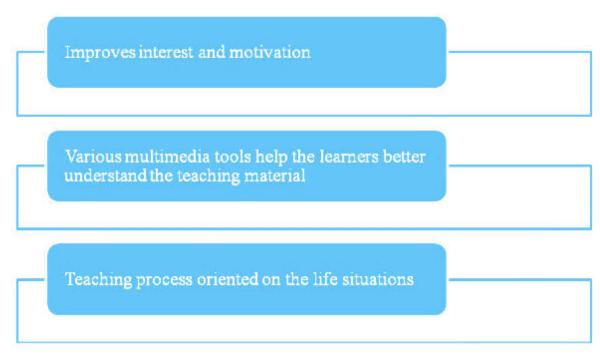
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Positively influence on forming speech habits and skills.

An effective conclusion retraces the important elements of the lesson and relates them to the objective. This review and wrap-up of ideas reinforces student learning and improves the retention of what has been learned. New ideas should not be introduced in the conclusion because at this point they are likely to confuse the students.

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